Enquiry Organiser Cycle 1, Autumn 1 Year One 2024



Art and Design (painting)		Computing (Digital Literacy, Understanding Technology (Seesaw) & Online safety (Project Evolve - Self-image & identity, online relationships)		
Knowledge Skills	Links back to	Knowledge	Skills	Links back to
I know I can	I remember	I know	I can	I remember
 Vincent Van Gogh was a Dutch artist who is not alive now. Some of his famous paintings, e.g. his Portrait, Sunflowers and Starry night. He was born in 1853 (during Victorian times). He painted portraits and landscapes. He used water colours and oil paints. He used bright colours. Primary colours are made by missing primary colours. Tinting make a paint lighter Mix primary secondary c Mix primary secondary c Explore tintin white paint black paint Use water col give a transp dublack to shading Talk about h paintings (por sunflowers) and different Secondary colours are made by missing primary colours. Tinting make a paint lighter Mix primary secondary colours are made by missing primary colours. 	 Van Gogh painted his portrait (Year R) Using different tools to paint (Year R) Using different tools to paint (Year R) Changing colours by mixing paints (Year R) Changing colours by mixing paints (Year R) Picasso was a Spanish artist Picasso began with realistic drawings Pencils can make different marks (hatch and scribble). Using pencils, crayons and pastels. Using line drawings to create a picture of my family (Year R) 	 How to use the ipads sensibly and safely I have signed and agreed the Acceptable Use policy That is important to stay safe when using the internet, computers and iPads What the icons mean on Seesaw (Green+ - add learning to journal, Lightbulb – find new learning, set by teacher, Book – my journal) 	 Search safely online using kiddle Talk about scary things I see online Get help from an adult if something online is worrying me Log in to Seesaw using my class QR code, username and password Respond to a task set on Seesaw using the camera and voice tool Add learning to my journal Take a photo using Seesaw or the Camera App Upload photos, I have taken offline on the Camera app, to Seesaw Retrieve my work by looking in my journal Recognise that there may be people online who could make someone feel sad, embarrassed or upset. Give examples of when they should ask permission to do something online and can explain why this is important 	 My teachers using kiddle to search online Kiddle is an online tool to research information Using ipads and the internet.
Vocabulary:	Images:	Vocabulary:	Images:	
Landscape: a painting showing a view of natural scenery, like the countryside Portrait: a painting of a person Watercolour: a type of paint which is used with water to give transparent colour Shading: making a colour darker by adding black Tinting: making a colour lighter by adding white Primary: colours used to create all other colours and cannot be made (red, yellow, blue). Secondary: a colour created by mixing two primary colours e.g. orange and purple		Acceptable Use Policy (AUP): a set of how the ipads and internet should be u us safe. Internet: a global computer network the information and communication Kiddle: an online search engine for ch Online: when the computer is connect internet Photograph: is a picture made using a printed or stored digitally Plagiarise: copy someone's work as y QR code: a machine-readable code co array of black and white squares, typic storing information for reading by the co ipad or smartphone Seesaw App: a digital learning journey	of rules on used, to keep nat gives nildren ted to the a camera, your own onsisting of an camera on an	

Progress is knowing more (knowledge), remembering more (links back to), being able to do more (skills)

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Geography (local community)			Science (plants)		
 Knowledge I know A map is a diagram to show where places are located and the features of places. Human features are built by humans Physical features are naturally created. A town is a built up area. Huntingdon is a town where I live. It is in England. There is a river in our community. This is a physical feature. There are shops and houses in our community. These are human features. 	 Skills <i>L.c.a.n.</i> Observe and describe the human and physical geography. Use vocab to talk about the key physical and human features of my local area including: river, soil, house, town. Ask and answer to simple geographical questions e.g. what is this place like? Make observations about where things are. Use locational and directional language to describe the location of features and routes on a map. E.g. near and far, left and right. Make a simple picture map (Park Life walk) Use photographs to recognise basic human and physical features 	 Links back to I remember Walking around our local area with my class. There are different features in our local environment. 	 Knowledge I kn.ow A plant is made up of roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers. Trees and flowers are plants The names of some of the plants (inc. flowers and trees) on our school grounds Seeds grow into plants Plants change over time 	 Skills Label the parts of plants (inc. flowers and trees) Label the parts of plants (inc trees and flowers) Describe the parts of a plant Plant a seed (sunflower) Observes changes over time (sunflowers diary) Explore plants on our school site (walk) Ask simple questions using sentence stems such as how and why with support. Make suggestions about what to do and what to look for. Predict what might happen. Record results by drawing a picture Say what their observations show. 	Links back to <i>I remember</i> A plant is a living thing and includes flowers, vegetables and trees Plants need soil, water and light to grow Plants (flowers and trees) grow on our school grounds
Vocabulary: House: a building where peop Human feature: something bu Map: a diagram to show where located and features of places Physical feature: features that created. River: a large, natural stream into a sea, a lake or another ri Shop: a building where things Town: a built up area	Images: le live. uilt by humans. e places are t are naturally of water flowing ver.		Vocabulary: Flower: part of a plant Observe: to look closely Predict: make a guess about what happen Pictogram: a chart which uses pic represent data Plant: a living thing which includes trees and vegetables Tree: a plant that has a stem/trunk Seed: the small parts created by p grow into new plants	t may ctures to s flowers, & & branches	ves twig branch trunk roots